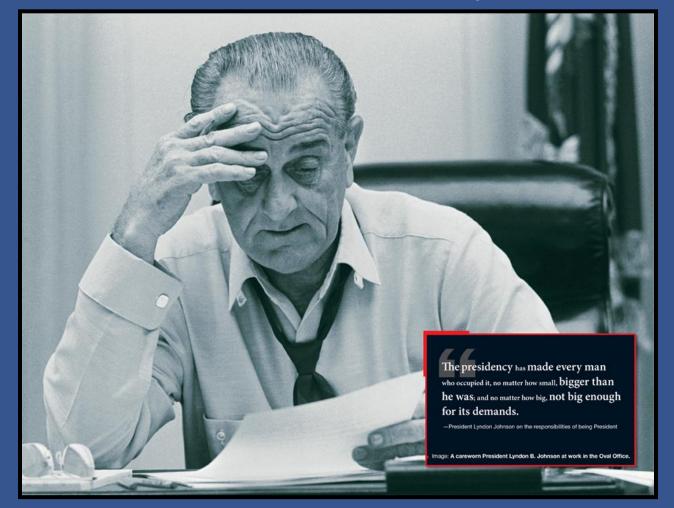
Chapter 14: The Presidency in Action Opener Lecture Notes

AMERICAN COVERNIENT

The presidency has made every man who occupied it, no matter how small, bigger than he was; and no matter how big, not big enough for its demands.

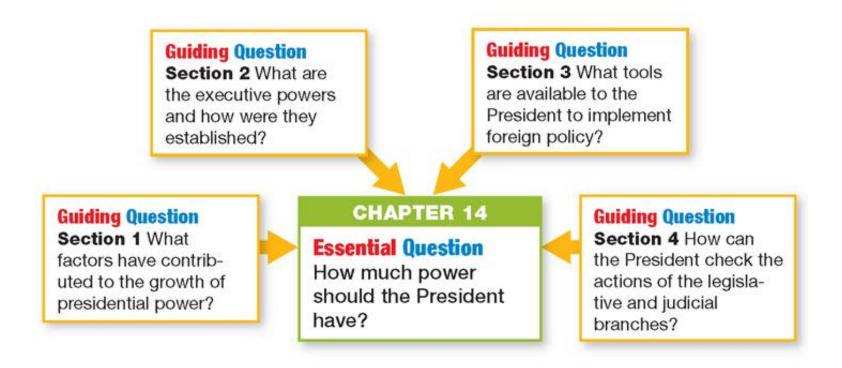
-President Lyndon Johnson on the responsibilities of being President



Essential Question



 What should the limits be on the powers of the President?





- Section 1: The Growth of Presidential Power
 - What factors have contributed to the growth of Presidential power?
 - The scope and power of the presidency has changed a great deal as the United States became a world power.



- Section 2: The Executive Powers
 - What are the executive powers and how were they established?
 - The executive powers are laid out in Article II of the Constitution and establish how the President is to execute the laws of the land.



- Section 3: Diplomatic and Military Powers
 - What tools are available to the President to implement foreign policy?
 - Tools such as the power to write treaties, the power of diplomatic recognition, and the role of commander-in-chief help the President implement foreign policy.



- Section 4: Legislative and Judicial Powers
 - How can the President check the actions of the legislative and judicial branches?
 - The President is given certain legislative and judicial powers, such as the veto and the power to pardon, to help check the actions of the legislative and judicial branches.